

Second Embodiment

(Configuration of Second Embodiment)

[0087] FIG. 18 is a schematic circuit diagram illustrating a configuration of a surge protective system driven by a battery according to a second embodiment of the present invention, and common reference numerals are assigned to components common to those in FIG. 17 which illustrates the surge protective system driven by the external power supply in the first embodiment.

[0088] The surge protective system driven by a battery according to the second embodiment is configured to be driven by batteries 80 and 90 in place of the external power supply 5.

[0089] The surge protective system according to the second embodiment includes a plurality of SPDs 1A (for example, SPDs 1A-1, 1A-2, . . .) in each of which the battery 80 is incorporated, and a power supply unit 50A in which the battery 90 is incorporated, and these are connected to each other with a plurality of juncture plugs 25 (for example, juncture plugs 25-1, 25-2, . . .).

[0090] Each of the SPDs 1A (for example, SPDs 1A-1, 1A-2, . . .) includes an SPD side jack 10 and an SPD side plug 30A in which the battery 80 is incorporated and which is detachably attached by insertion to the SPD side jack 10 as with the first embodiment.

[0091] While the SPD side jack 10 has the same configuration as that of the first embodiment, wire is connected such that the terminal parts 15-1(1), 15-2(1) and 16(1) for supplying power are not used in terminals such as the juncture terminals 15-1 and 15-2 and the first connection terminal 16, and only the terminal parts 15-1(2), 15-2(2) and 16(2), and the terminal parts 15-1(3), 15-2(3) and 16(3) are used.

[0092] While the SPD side plug 30A has a case 31 which is the same as that in the first embodiment, the battery 80 (for example, DC 3 V) is stored within this case 31. The battery 80 is detachably attached by insertion by a battery cover which is provided on a side wall of the case 31 and which is not illustrated being open and closed. By this battery 80, the CPU 41 is driven. The switch 46 for display confirmation is connected to the CPU 41 to reduce power consumption, and, when this switch 46 is depressed, the LED 45d for displaying a remaining battery level within the display unit 45 becomes conductive. Further, after the switch 46 is depressed, for example, any one of the green LED 45a which displays a normal state, the yellow LED 45b which displays a replacement recommendation state and the red LED 45c which displays a degradation (failure) state is turned on for approximately one second. Other configuration of the SPD side plug 30A is the same as that of the plug 30 in the first embodiment.

[0093] The power supply unit 50A includes the power supply unit side jack 60 and a power supply unit side plug 70A in which the battery 90 is incorporated and which is detachably attached by insertion to the power supply unit side jack 60 as with the first embodiment.

[0094] While the power supply unit side jack 60 has the same configuration as that of the first embodiment, because the external power supply 5 is not used, the external line side terminals 62-1 and 62-2 are not connected to the external power supply 5. Further, wire is connected such that the terminal parts 65-2(1) and 66(1) for supplying power are not used in terminals such as the juncture terminal 65-2 and the

first connection terminal 66, and only the terminal parts 65-2(2) and 66(2) and the terminal parts 65-2(3) and 66(3) are used.

[0095] While the power supply unit side plug 70A has a case which is the same case as that in the first embodiment, the battery 90 (for example, DC 3 V) is stored within this case. The battery 90 is detachably attached by insertion by a battery cover provided at a side wall of the case being open and closed. The battery 90 is connected between the CPU 75 and the earth terminal 64-2 and drives the CPU 75. Other configuration of the power supply unit side plug 70A is the same as that of the plug 70 in the first embodiment.

[0096] While the plurality of SPDs 1A (for example, SPDs 1A-1, 1A-2, . . .) and the power supply unit 50A are connected with the plurality of juncture plugs 25 (for example, juncture plugs 25-1, 25-2, . . .) as with the first embodiment, because power is not supplied from the power supply unit 50A to each SPD 1A, only terminal parts (2) and (3) of each juncture plug 25 are used.

(Operation of Second Embodiment)

[0097] As illustrated in FIG. 18, (I) operation step 1 and (II) operation step 2 in the case where the plurality of SPDs 1A perform protection operation against lightning surge in a state where the plurality of SPDs 1A (for example, SPDs 1A-1, 1A-2, . . .) and the power supply unit 50A are connected will be described.

(I) Operation Step 1

[0098] For example, when an excessive lightning surge occurs between the external line side line 2-1 or the equipment side line 3-1 and the earth terminal 14-2, as with the first embodiment, the protection circuit 34 within the SPD side plug 1A-1 operates, and the surge current flows through the surge current pathway indicated with the arrow (4) and is discharged to the earth terminal 14-2.

[0099] When the surge current is discharged to the earth terminal 14-2, data of the surge current detected at the CT 43 is stored in the memory 42 through the CPU 41. The CPU 41 determines a state of the SPD 1A-1 (that is, a state of the protection circuit 34) by comparing the history of the lightning surge (such as, for example, a degree of the surge current and the number of times of intrusion) stored in the memory 42 with a reference value set in advance and stores the determination result in the memory 42. When the switch 46 is depressed, the CPU 41 turns on any one of the green LED 45a, the yellow LED 45b and the red LED 45c of the display unit 45 according to the determination result stored in the memory 42.

[0100] When, for example, it is determined that the SPD 1A-1 is recommended to be replaced or degrades, the CPU 41 puts the transistor 44 into an on state using a control signal. When the transistor 44 is put into an on state, the terminal part (3) and the terminal part (2) of the first connection terminal 16 become conductive, and a current flows through a current pathway for light emitting diode operation as indicated with the following arrow (2):

“Battery 90 of power supply unit 50A→light emitting diode 72→terminal part (3) of first connection terminal 66→terminal part (3) of juncture terminal 65-2→juncture plug 25-1→terminal part (3) of juncture terminal 15 of SPD 1A-1→terminal part (3) of first connection terminal 16→transistor 44→terminal part (2) of first connection